

Blackburn Bay Condition Report for 2023

✓

PASS

Chl-a

N

P

3 out of 3
indicators were
rated as **PASS**.

All three
indicators must pass for the bay to be rated as **PASS**.



Bays included in this report:
Blackburn Bay, Dryman Bay

Summary:

Overall water quality in Blackburn Bay was already good, but improved to be excellent in 2023, with the mean values of all three measures of water quality pollution – Chlorophyll a, Total Nitrogen, and Total Phosphorus – decreasing so that they are below target levels.

Note: Beginning in 2020, Sarasota County switched from measuring apparent color to true color. The latter will be added to Bay Conditions reports in the near future.

Water Chemistry Ratings

Total nitrogen, total phosphorus, and chlorophyll *a* levels are monitored carefully by water resource managers and used by regulatory authorities to determine whether a bay meets the water quality standards mandated by the Clean Water Act. The trend graphs for these indicators are shown below, along with their target and threshold values. A target value is a desirable goal to be attained, while a threshold is an undesirable level which is to be avoided. An individual indicator receives an "Excellent" rating if its mean value is below the target, a "Good" rating if its mean value is above the target but does not exceed the threshold, and a "Caution" rating if the mean value exceeds the threshold.

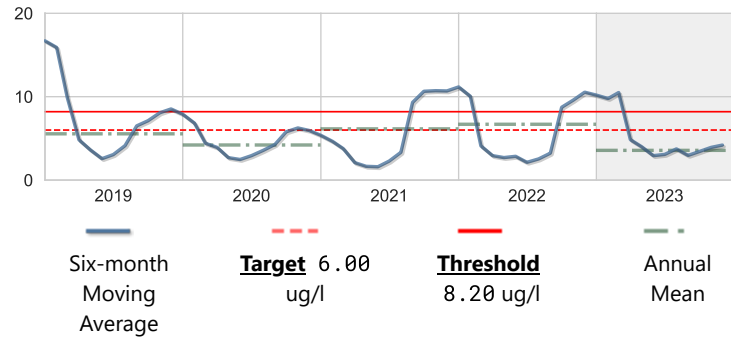
The charts below illustrate the general trend of water quality parameters. They show a six-month running average, which moderates high and low values in the data.



Chlorophyll a

Score: Excellent

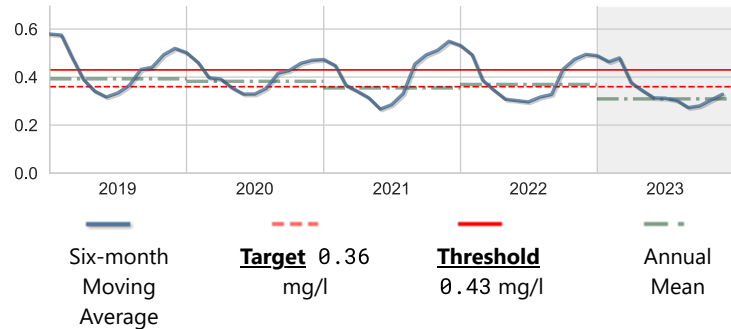
Units: ug/l	Year 2023	Historical period of record
High	10.87	96.90
Mean	3.86	6.71
Low	0.78	0.20
No. of Samples	60	1147



Nitrogen, Total

Score: Excellent

Units: mg/l	Year 2023	Historical period of record
High	0.565	2.205
Mean	0.327	0.352
Low	0.165	0.055
No. of Samples	60	1686

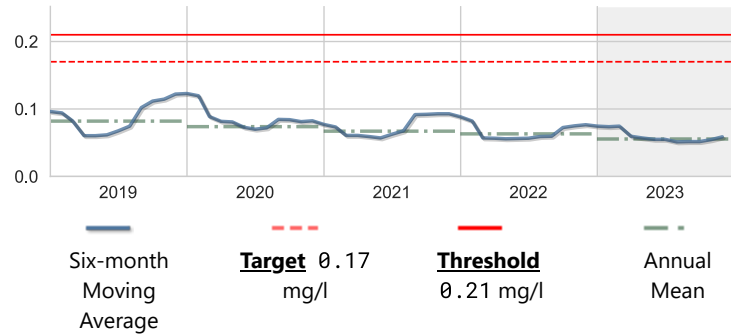




Phosphorus, Total

Score: Excellent

Units: mg/l	Year 2023	Historical period of record
High	0.130	0.530
Mean	0.057	0.096
Low	0.050	0.050
No. of Samples	60	1592

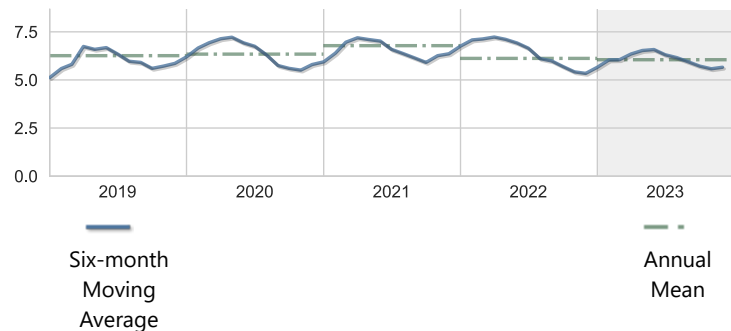


Other Measures of Bay Health

In addition to nutrient levels and chlorophyll concentration, dissolved oxygen levels, and water clarity are also objective indicators of bay health. These have complex interactive cycles which are affected by rainfall, temperature, and tidal action, as well as other factors. High nutrient levels (nitrogen and phosphorus) can stimulate excessive growth of marine algae (indicated by chlorophyll *a* level), resulting in reduced water clarity (and increased light attenuation) and depleted oxygen levels. Both plants and animals in a bay need oxygen to survive, and the seagrasses which provide food and cover for bay creatures need light for photosynthesis.

Dissolved Oxygen

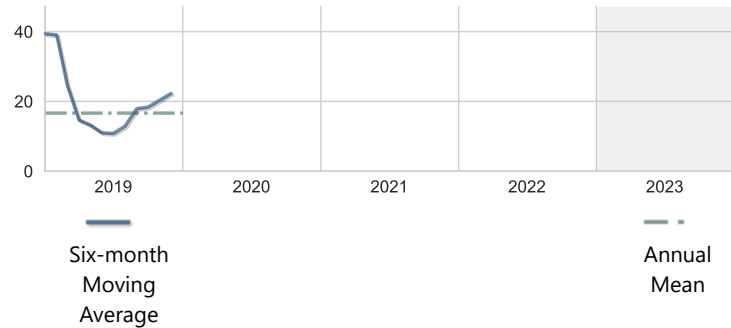
Units: mg/l	Year 2023	Historical period of record
High	7.93	11.00
Mean	6.06	6.41
Low	3.97	1.27
No. of Samples	59	1256



Apparent Color

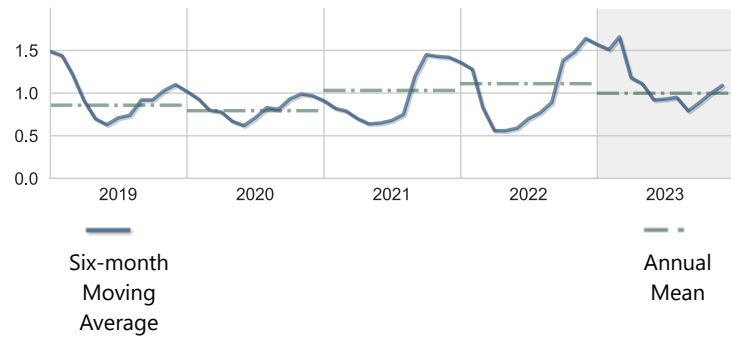
Note: The latest available sample for this parameter is from December 2019

Units: PCU	Year 2023	Historical period of record
High		250.00
Mean		21.27
Low		2.00
No. of Samples	0	1341



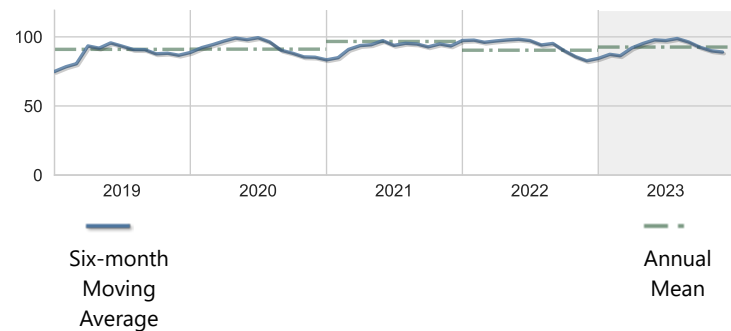
BOD, Biochemical oxygen demand

Units: mg/l	Year 2023	Historical period of record
High	2.60	7.10
Mean	1.07	1.17
Low	0.50	0.50
No. of Samples	60	1452



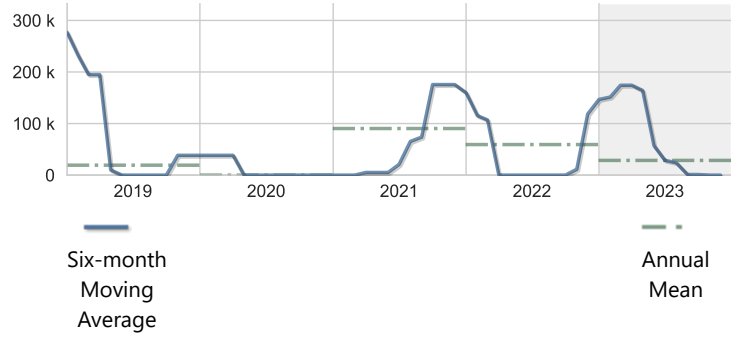
Dissolved oxygen saturation

Units: percent (%)	Year 2023	Historical period of record
High	126.00	198.00
Mean	92.86	94.32
Low	65.00	20.00
No. of Samples	58	1333



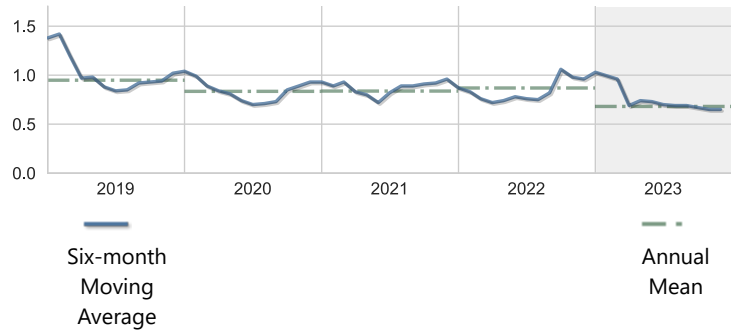
Karenia brevis ("red tide")

Units: #/l	Year 2023	Historical period of record
High	425000.00	2280000.00
Mean	24175.00	64604.50
Low	0.00	0.00
No. of Samples	60	978



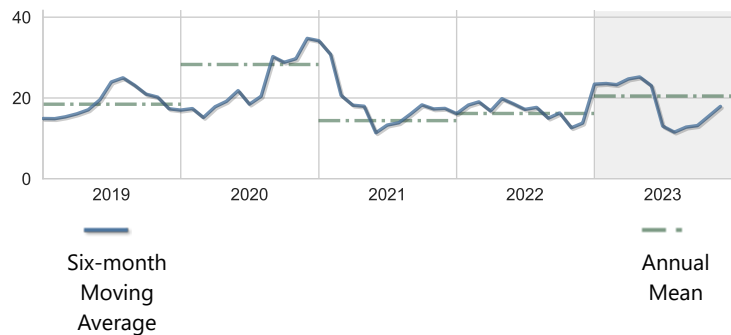
Light Attenuation

Units: K(1/m)	Year 2023	Historical period of record
High	1.33	5.03
Mean	0.70	0.89
Low	0.27	0.02
No. of Samples	55	1544



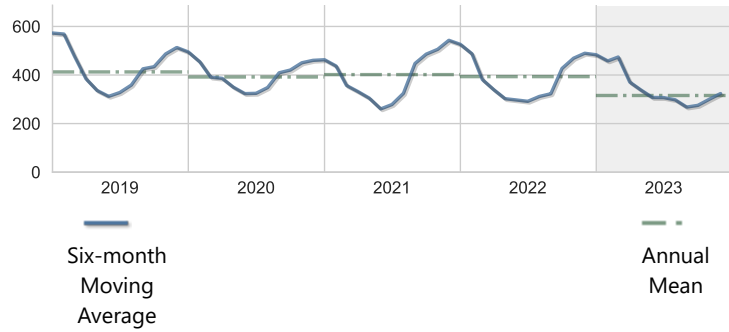
Nitrogen, Ammonia + Ammonium as N

Units: ug/l	Year 2023	Historical period of record
High	145.00	145.00
Mean	21.97	16.25
Low	5.00	5.00
No. of Samples	60	1622



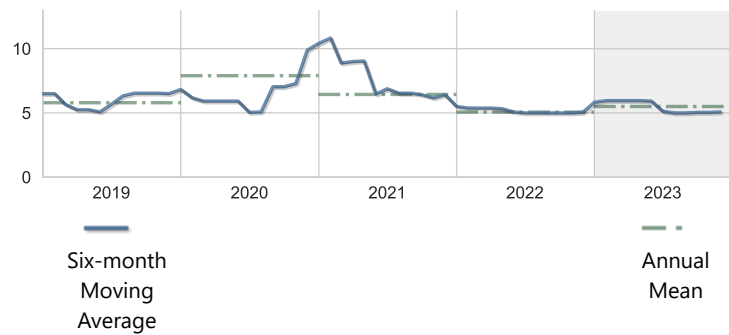
Nitrogen, Kjeldahl

Units: ug/l	Year 2023	Historical period of record
High	560.00	2200.00
Mean	335.00	384.88
Low	160.00	50.00
No. of Samples	60	1681



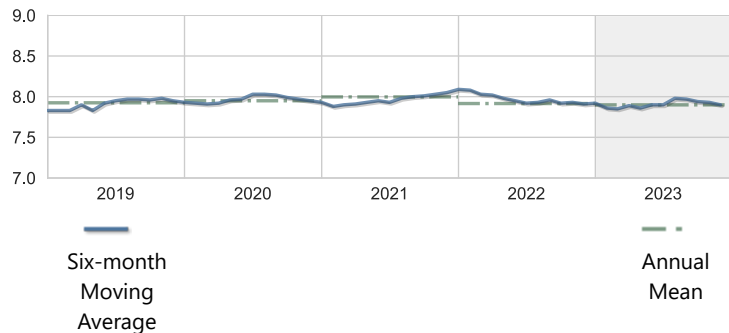
Nitrogen, Nitrite + Nitrate as N

Units: ug/l	Year 2023	Historical period of record
High	17.00	71.00
Mean	5.67	6.66
Low	5.00	5.00
No. of Samples	60	1230



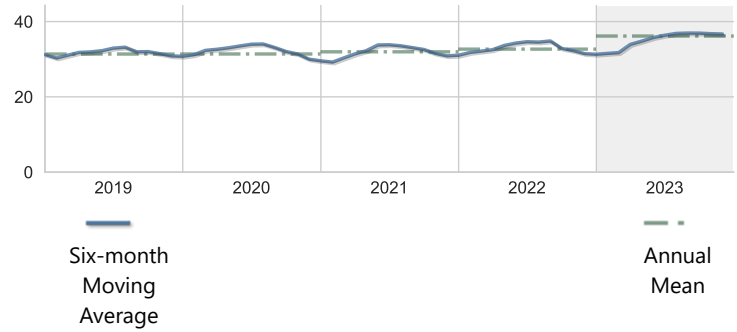
pH

Units: None	Year 2023	Historical period of record
High	8.24	8.40
Mean	7.90	7.91
Low	7.65	6.20
No. of Samples	57	501



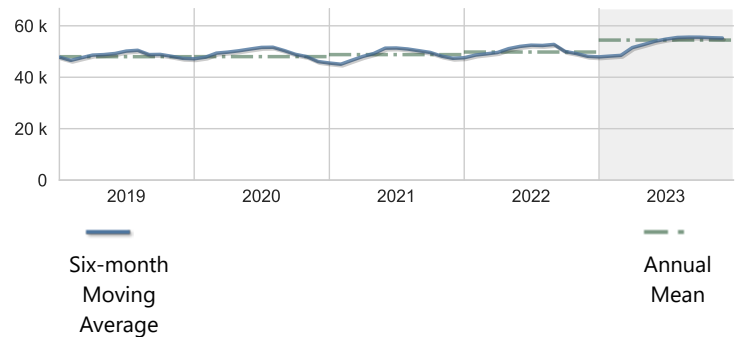
Salinity

Units: PSS	Year 2023	Historical period of record
High	37.80	39.50
Mean	36.08	31.79
Low	32.80	5.70
No. of Samples	54	1043



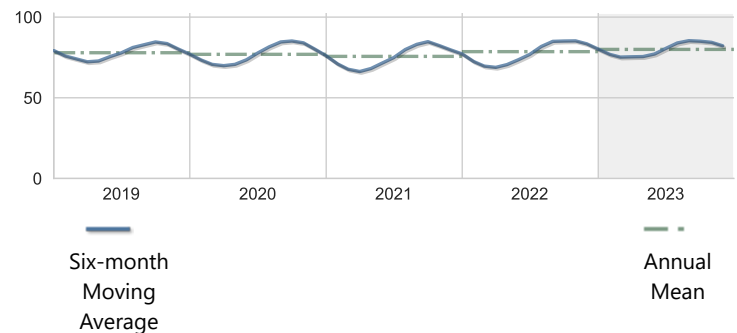
Specific conductance

Units: umho	Year 2023	Historical period of record
High	56700.00	59030.00
Mean	54300.00	49552.06
Low	50000.00	10130.00
No. of Samples	56	1521



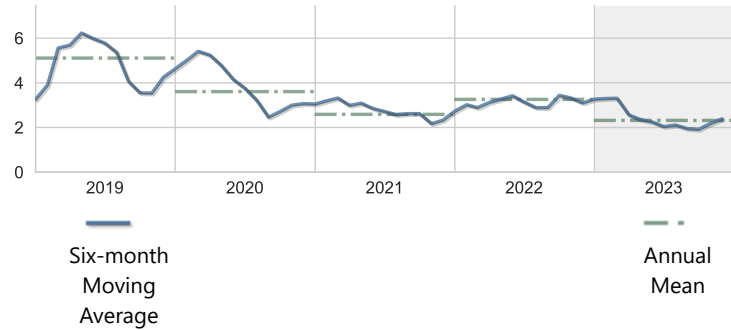
Temperature, water

Units: deg F	Year 2023	Historical period of record
High	91.04	92.12
Mean	80.31	77.80
Low	68.18	47.84
No. of Samples	55	929



Turbidity

Units: NTU	Year 2023	Historical period of record
High	5.30	39.00
Mean	2.34	3.70
Low	0.40	0.20
No. of Samples	60	1682



Annual Averages

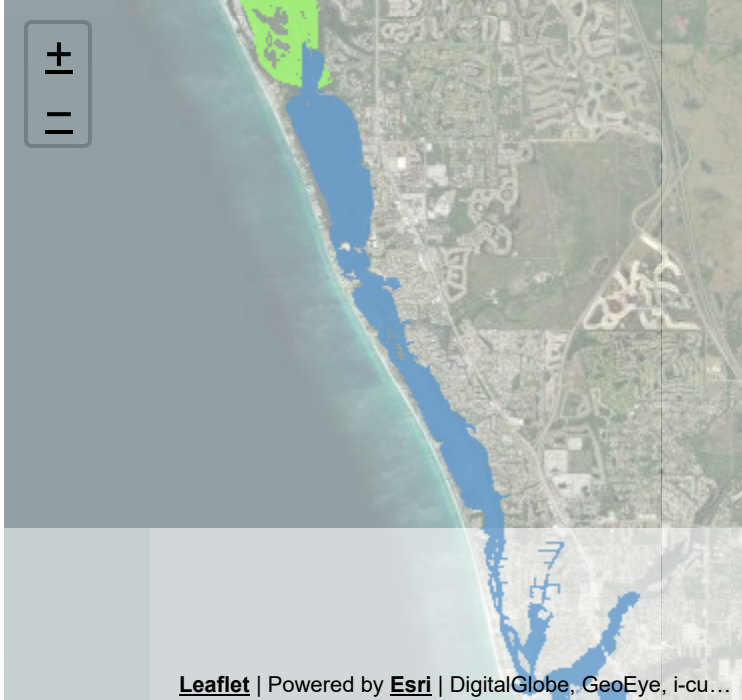
Indicator	Units	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Trend
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/l	6.26	6.34	6.78	6.12	6.06	
Dissolved oxygen saturation	percent (%)	90.96	91.10	96.67	90.33	92.86	
Light Attenuation	K(1/m)	0.95	0.83	0.84	0.87	0.70	
Salinity	PSS	31.38	31.39	31.97	32.68	36.08	
Turbidity	NTU	5.11	3.61	2.59	3.26	2.34	

Bay Contour Maps (2023)

Contour mapping is one of the best ways to visualize spatial differences in coastal water quality. The interactive map shown below presents monthly data for one selected water quality indicator atop an aerial view of the bay. Choose a different water quality parameter from the list at the top to change the map.

Showing 2023 Monthly Contour Maps for: Chlorophyll a ▼

January



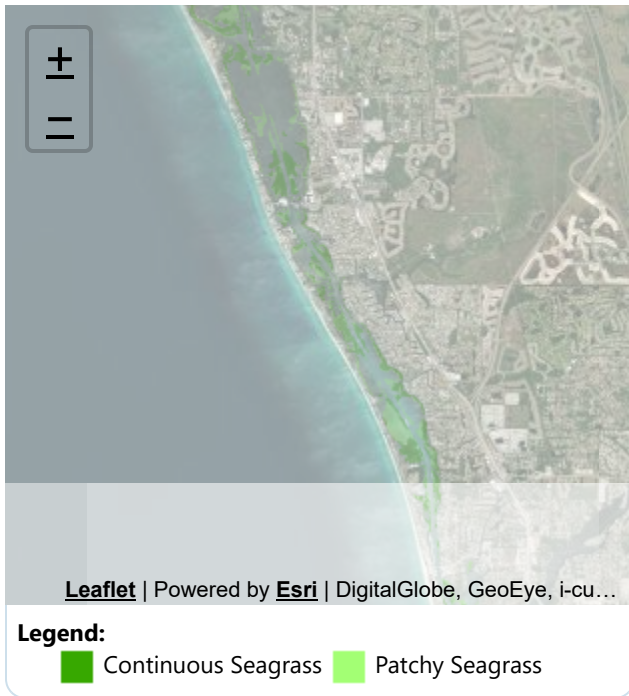
Contour Legend:

- Less than 1 ug/l
- 1.0 - 5.9 ug/l
- 6.0 - 10.9 ug/l
- 11.0 - 17.9 ug/l
- Greater than 18 ug/l

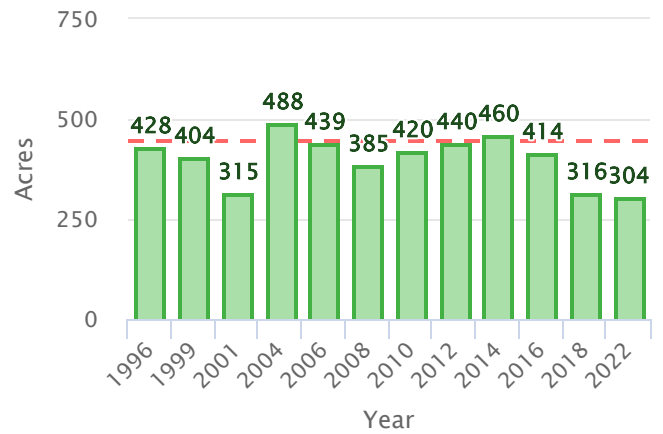
Seagrasses

Among the most important habitats in Florida's estuarine environments, seagrass beds are indispensable for the role they play in cycling nutrients, supplying food for wildlife, stabilizing sediments, and providing habitat for juvenile and adult finfish and shellfish. Use the interactive map below to observe the size, density and location of seagrass beds from year to year. The graph shows how the total amount of seagrass in the bay has changed over time. Seagrass calculations are aggregates of patchy and continuous seagrass measurements only. Recordings of attached algae are not included in these summaries.

Showing Seagrass Coverage for 2022:



Seagrass Acreage Variation within Blackburn Bay



--- Target 447 acres

Impervious Features

Rain that falls on land that is in a natural state is absorbed and filtered by soils and vegetation as it makes its way into underground aquifers. However, in developed areas, "impervious surfaces" impede this process and contribute to polluted urban runoff entering surface waters. These surfaces include human infrastructure like roads, sidewalks, driveways and parking lots that are covered by impenetrable materials such as asphalt, concrete, brick and stone, as well as buildings and other permanent structures. Soils that have been disturbed and compacted by urban development are often impervious as well.

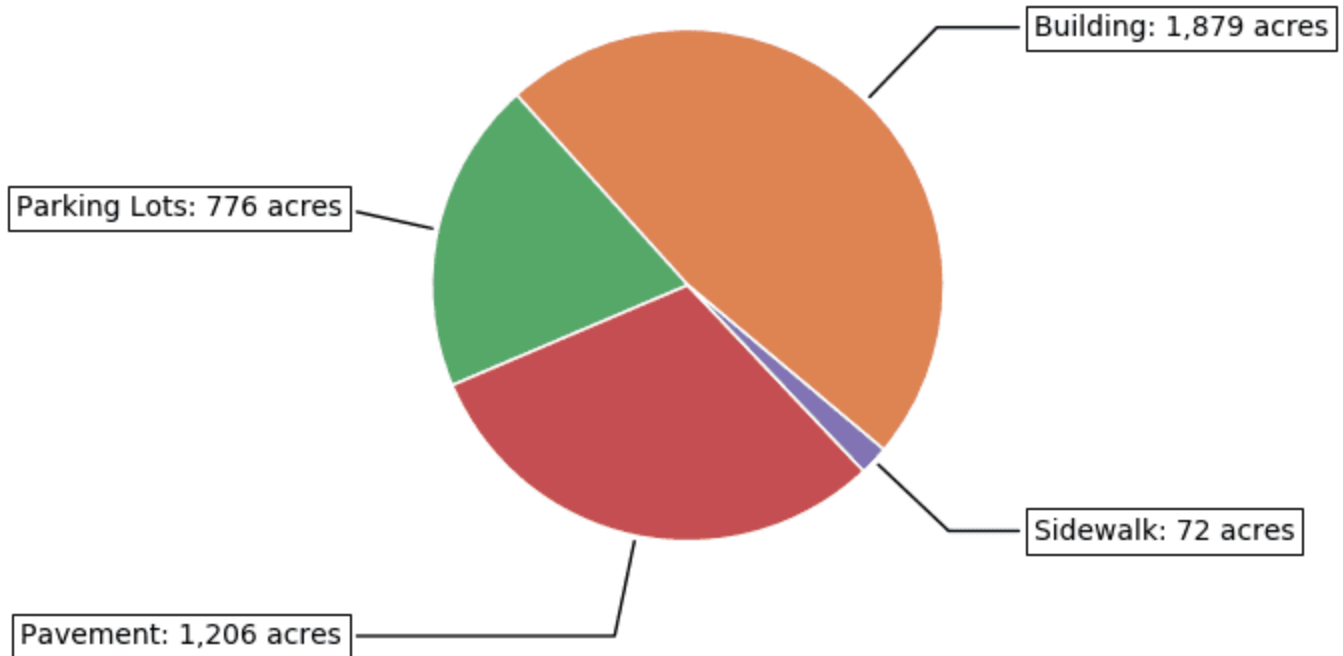


14% of the land area within the **Little Sarasota Bay Watershed** is covered by

impervious surfaces

2014 Impervious Surface Coverage by Type

in acres, within the Little Sarasota Bay Watershed





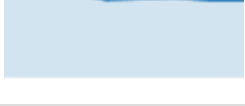

Land Use / Land Cover

Land use within a bay's watershed has a major effect on its water quality. In general, less development means better water quality. Land Cover/Land Use classifications categorize land in terms of its observed physical surface characteristics (upland or wetland, e.g.), and also reflect the types of activity that are taking place on it (agriculture, urban/built-up, utilities, etc.). Florida uses as its standard a set of statewide classifications which were developed by the Florida Department of Transportation.

Blackburn Bay is located within the Little Sarasota Bay Watershed. The chart below shows the land use / land cover characteristics for Little Sarasota Bay Watershed within the boundary of this Water Atlas. **[View details about the Little Sarasota Bay Watershed »](#)**

Acreege and Percentage within each Land Use / Land Cover Category for Little Sarasota Bay Watershed

2023 Bay Conditions Report for Blackburn Bay

Land Use Classification	1990	2005	2011	2014	2017	2020	Trend
Urban & Built-up	8,943 31.9%	11,834 42.2%	12,102 43.1%	12,162 43.3%	12,777 45.5%	13,343 47.5%	
Agriculture	3,550 12.6%	3,228 11.5%	3,258 11.6%	4,223 15%	3,124 11.1%	2,837 10.1%	
Rangeland	825 2.9%	1,822 6.5%	1,474 5.3%	579 2.1%	1,233 4.4%	877 3.1%	
Upland Forests	7,098 25.3%	3,066 10.9%	2,981 10.6%	2,725 9.7%	2,687 9.6%	2,603 9.3%	
Water	3,429 12.2%	4,123 14.7%	4,147 14.8%	4,175 14.9%	4,227 15.1%	4,337 15.5%	
Wetlands	3,490 12.4%	3,133 11.2%	3,191 11.4%	3,227 11.5%	3,121 11.1%	3,120 11.1%	
Barren Land	62 0.2%	18 0.1%	19 0.1%	20 0.1%	6 0%	6 0%	
Transportation and Utilities	675 2.4%	841 3%	892 3.2%	952 3.4%	898 3.2%	948 3.4%	

2020 Land Use / Land Cover for Little Sarasota Bay Watershed

as a percentage of land area for this watershed

